Filipino Americans in the U.S.
Source: 2021 American Community Survey Selected Population Detailed Tables

- Total Population: 4,252,622
- Citizen Voting Age Population (CVAP): 2,653,790
- CVAP Limited English Proficiency Rate: 14%

States with the highest populations
1. California 1,686,974
2. Hawaii 367,430
3. Texas 206,536
4. Washington 184,553
5. Nevada 171,689
6. Illinois 166,788
7. Florida 162,942
8. New York 154,980
9. New Jersey 145,889
10. Virginia 117,250

Sources of Information About the Elections
The Filipino American electorate relied on a variety of mainstream and social media sources for their news.

Mainstream News
- CNN: 44%
- ABC News: 43%
- Fox News: 36%
- NBC News: 21%
- MSNBC: 18%
- NY Times: 16%

69% of the Filipino American electorate trusted that mainstream news related to the elections was covered fully, fairly, and accurately.

Social Media
- Facebook: 69%
- YouTube: 55%
- Twitter: 35%
- TikTok: 29%
- WhatsApp: 4%

70% of the Filipino American electorate trusted that information about the election from their social media sources was full, fair, and accurate.

Mis/Disinformation in the Elections
2 out of 10 eligible Filipino Americans encountered online stories or leaflets and flyers warning about the threat of riots or violence on Election Day.

60% of the Filipino American electorate reported encountering very or somewhat often stories that they thought might have been made-up or included misinformation during the 2022 elections.

Voting in 2022
1 out of 10 Filipino American voters felt threatened when they voted in 2022.

How Filipino American Voters Cast their Ballot
- Election Day in-person: 36%
- Early in-person: 21%
- Mail or Absentee: 43%

Of the Filipino American voters who reported voting early or absentee, 42% cited voting early due to concern about long lines and limited hours on Election Day, 36% had concerns about COVID safety, and 39% preferred the convenience and flexibility of absentee voting.

Voter Hotline: 1-888-API-VOTE (1-888-274-8683)
Bilingual assistance is available in English, Mandarin (普通话/普通話), Cantonese (广东话/廣東話), Korean (한국어), Vietnamese (Tiếng Việt), Tagalog, Urdu (اردو), Hindi (हिंदी), and Bengali/Bangla (বাংলা).
ASIAN AMERICAN NON-VOTERS IN THE 2022 MIDTERM ELECTIONS

Barriers to Voting
Around 4 in 10 Asian American non-voters cited the following as barriers to voting:
- Concern about COVID
- Concern about long lines
- Unable to get enough info on candidates
- Conflicting schedule

4 out of 10

Motivations for Voting
The following are the most important factors to enable non-voters to vote next time:
- Getting accurate, credible information about the issues and candidates
- Having better candidates to choose from
- Getting time off from work, school or caregiving duties

Sources of Mobilization

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sources of Mobilization</th>
<th>Non-voters</th>
<th>Voters</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Work or neighborhood</td>
<td>26%</td>
<td>30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Family or friend</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>39%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-partisan</td>
<td>26%</td>
<td>19%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partisan (party or campaign)</td>
<td>29%</td>
<td>31%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-partisan + partisan</td>
<td>39%</td>
<td>36%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Non-voters were less likely than voters to be contacted about registering to vote, from all sources.

Sources of Information About the Elections
Non-voters relied more on social media and less on election materials from candidates, parties, and non-partisan groups for election news or information than voters. They generally trusted their news sources, but less so than voters.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sources of Information About the Elections</th>
<th>Non-voters</th>
<th>Voters</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mainstream Media</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>72%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social Media</td>
<td>53%</td>
<td>47%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Friends &amp; Family</td>
<td>33%</td>
<td>36%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partisan Source</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Partisan Source</td>
<td>11%</td>
<td>16%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Post-Election Survey Methodology
The 2022 National Poll of Asian American Non-Voters and Voters interviewed 2,800 Asian American citizens about the mid-term elections. There were three targeted samples in the poll: a survey of 2,100 Asian American registered voters who reported voting in the 2022 mid-term elections; a survey of 350 Asian Americans who were registered but did not vote in 2022; and 350 Asian Americans who were citizens but not registered in 2022. The sampling error for each non-voter sub-group (350 each) was +/- 5.2%. For voters, the sampling error was +/- 2.1%. For comparisons between registered non-voters and unregistered citizens, percentage differences that are less than 5.2% can not be considered statistically significant.

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