FEDERAL FINANCIAL AID: A Critical Resource for Asian American Students

70%

of Asian American full-time undergraduate students rely on grants to pay for college

Asian American students are among the biggest beneficiaries of federal financial aid.

Contrary to the model minority myth, Asian American students are heavily reliant on—and benefit from—public funding of higher education. Robust financial aid programs allow millions of Asian American students to afford their undergraduate degrees.

Asian American students have the <u>HIGHEST</u> averages

in the following categories among all ethnic and racial groups:

These numbers reflect the critical importance of federal aid that allows millions of Asian American students to afford their undergraduate degrees.

Research shows that financial aid increases college enrollment and degree completion, leading to higher earnings.²

Cuts to federal aid programs, including the Pell Grant, would have a deeply negative impact on Asian American students' access to higher education and ability to complete their degrees.

Pell Grant

\$5,016



Federal Grants

(excluding Veteran and DOD grants)

\$5,323

(including Veteran and DOD grants)

\$25,879

All Grants

(including Federal, private, and institutional grants)

\$16.287

College Loan Debt

(including Federal, private, personal, and institutional loans)

\$11,600

Data include only full-time undergraduate students. Average grant amounts exclude zeros.
 DeBaun, B. 2019. "<u>Critical New Research Shows Positive Pell Impacts.</u>" National College Attainment Network.

Data Sources:

2020 National Postsecondary Student Aid Study, National Center for Education Statistics.

Kim, JH, et al. 2024. "Race and Ethnicity in Higher Education: 2024 Status Report." American Council on Education.

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